MY ASTHMA TRIGGERS Taking my asthma medicine each day will help reduce my reaction to these triggers. Avoiding them where possible will also help.

MY ASTHMA REVIEW

I should have at least one routine asthma review every year.

I will bring:

- · My action plan to see if it needs updating
- · My inhaler and spacer to check I'm using them in the best way
- · Any questions about my asthma and how to cope with it.

Next asthma review date:

′	 	

GP/asthma nurse contact

Name:

Phone number:

Out-of-hours contact number (ask your GP surgery who to call when they are closed)

Name:

Phone number:

Get more advice & support from Asthma UK:

Speak to a specialist asthma nurse about managing your asthma on:

Get news, advice and download information packs at:

0300 222 5800

www.asthma.org.uk





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*Adams et al; Factors associated with hospital admissions and repeat emergency department visits for adults with asthma; Thorax 2000;55:566–573

Use it, don't lose it!

Your action plan is a personal guide to help you stay on top of your asthma. Once you have created one with your GP or asthma nurse, it can help you stay as well as possible.

People who use their action plans are four times less likely to end up in hospital because of their asthma.

Your action plan will only work at its best to help keep you healthy if you:

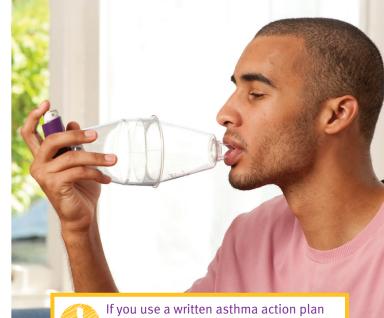
- Put it somewhere easy for you and your family to find

 you could try your fridge door, the back of your front door, or your bedside table.
- Check in with it regularly put a note on your calendar, or a reminder on your mobile to read it through once a month. How are you getting along with your day-to-day asthma medication? Are you having any asthma symptoms? Are you clear about what to do?
- **3 Keep an extra copy yourself** so you've got a handy back-up. You could have one at work, in your handbag or in your car glove compartment.
- Give a copy to a key family member or friend ask them to read it and talk to them about your usual asthma symptoms so they can help you notice if you start to have them, and know what to do in an emergency.
- Take it to every healthcare appointment including A&E/consultant. Ask your GP or asthma nurse to update it if any of their advice for you changes. Ask them for tips if you're finding it hard to take your medicines as prescribed.

THE STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE THAT HELPS
YOU STAY ON TOP OF YOUR ASTHMA

Your asthma action plan

FILL THIS IN WITH YOUR GP OR ASTHMA NURSE



you are **four times less likely** to be

admitted to hospital for your asthma.*

Name and date:





My personal best peak flow is:						
My preventer inhaler (insert name/colour):						
even when I feel well	enter inhaler every day the morning night.					
My reliever inhaler (insert name/colour): I take my reliever inha I take puff(s) of if any of these things h I'm wheezing My chest feels tight I'm finding it hard to I'm coughing.	f my reliever inhaler nappen:					
Other medicines I take	for my asthma every day:					
With this daily routine	I should expect/aim to have					

With this daily routine I should expect/aim to have no symptoms. If I haven't had any symptoms or needed my reliever inhaler for at least 12 weeks, ask my GP or asthma nurse to review my medicines in case they can reduce the dose.



People with allergies need to be extra careful as attacks can be more severe.



When I feel worse:

My symptoms are coming back (wheeze, tightness in my chest, feeling breathless, cough)
 I am waking up at night
 My symptoms are interfering with my usual day-to-day activities (eg at work, exercising)
 I am using my reliever inhaler times a week or more
 My peak flow drops to below

This is what I can do straight away to get on top of my asthma:

1 If I haven't been using my preventer inhaler, start using it regularly again or:

_	_	, ,					
Increase my preventer inhaler dose to							
puffs	puffs times a day until my symptoms						
have gone and my peak flow is back to normal							
Take my reliever inhaler as needed (up to							
puffs every four hours)							
If I don't improve within 48 hours make an urgent							

2 If I have been given prednisolone tablets (steroid tablets) to keep at home:

Take			mg of prednisolone tablet		
(which	ı is		x 5mg) immediately		
and again every morning for				days	
or until I am fully better.					

URGENT! Call my GP or asthma nurse today and let them know I have started taking steroids and make an appointment to be seen within 24 hours.



In an asthma attack:

My reliever inhaler is not helping or I need it							
more than every	hours						
● I find it difficult to walk or talk							
I find it difficult to breathe							
I'm wheezing a lot or I have a very tight chest or I'm coughing a lot							
My peak flow is below							



THIS IS AN EMERGENCY

	IANE AC	ш	IN INOW					
0	Sit up straight – don't lie down. Try to keep calm							
2	Take one puff of my reliever inhaler every 30 to 60 seconds up to a maximum of 10 puffs							
			+					
3	A) If I feel worse at any point while I'm using my inhaler	any	f I don't feel better after puffs	C) If I feel better: make an urgent same-day				
ſ	CALL 999 ←			appointment with my GP or asthma nurse to get advice				
Į	CALL 999			1				
	Ambulance taking longer than		If I feel better, and have made my urgent same-day appointment:					
	15 minutes? Repeat step 2		■ Check if I've been given rescue prednisolone tablets					
l	reheat steh 🔾		If I have these I should take them as prescribed by my doctor or asthma nurse					

IMPORTANT! This asthma attack information is not designed for people who use the Symbicort® SMART regime OR Fostair® MART regime. If you use one of these speak to your GP or asthma nurse to get the correct asthma attack information.



My Asthma Plan



Your asthma plan tells you when to take your asthma medicines.

And what to do when your asthma gets worse.



Name:

1. My daily asthma medicines

•	My preventer inhaler is called
	and its colour is
•	I take puff/s of my preventer
	inhaler in the morning and
	puff/s at night. I do this every day even
	if I feel well.
•	Other asthma medicines I take every day

haler
h,
·

My best peak flow is _____

Does doing sport make it hard to breathe? I take: puff/s of my reliever inhaler (usually blue) beforehand.

2. When my asthma gets worse

I'll know my asthma is getting worse if:

- I wheeze or cough, my chest hurts or it's hard to breathe, or
- I'm waking up at night because of my asthma, or
- I'm taking my reliever inhaler (usually blue) more than three times a week, or
- My peak flow is less than

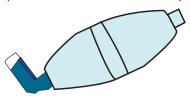
If my asthma gets worse, I should:

Keep taking my preventer medicines as normal.

I also take _____ puff/s of my reliever inhaler (usually blue) every four hours.

If I'm not getting any better doing this I should see my doctor or asthma nurse today.

Remember to use my inhaler with a spacer (if I have one)







My Asthma Plan

3. When I have an asthma attack

I'm having an asthma attack if:

- My reliever inhaler (usually blue) isn't helping, or
- I can't talk or walk easily, or
- I'm breathing hard and fast, or
- I'm coughing or wheezing a lot, or
- My peak flow is less than ____

My	asth	nma	tri	igge	rs	(things	that
mak	e my	asthn	na v	vorse	e)		

Make sure you have your reliever inhaler (usually blue) with you. You might need it if you come into contact with things that make your asthma worse.

When I have an asthma attack, I should:

Sit up - don't lie down. Try to be calm.

Take one puff of my reliever inhaler **every 30 to 60 seconds** up to a total of 10 puffs.

Even if I start to feel better, I don't want this to happen again, so I need to see my doctor or asthma nurse today.



I need to see my asthma nurse every six months

Date I got my asthma plan:

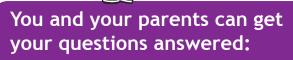
Date of my next asthma review:

Doctor/asthma nurse contact details:

Parents — get the most from your child's action plan

Make it easy for you and your family to find it when you need it

- Take a photo and keep it on your mobile (and your child's mobile if they have one)
- Stick a copy on your fridge door
- Share your child's action plan with school, grandparents and babysitter (a printout or a photo).



Call Asthma UK's friendly Helpline
Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm

0300 222 5800

Get information at www.asthma.org.uk



Your asthma attack recovery plan

The simple steps that will help you feel better more quickly





Any asthma questions? Call our friendly expert nurses 0300 222 5800

(9am – 5pm: Mon – Fri)

www.asthma.org.uk

Welcome to your asthma attack recovery plan. It can be a real shock to end up in hospital or being treated in an ambulance due to an asthma attack. You might feel weak and drained, and anxious about it happening again. Even if you didn't have to go to hospital, an asthma attack can be frightening. Whether or not you needed emergency treatment, you may be wondering how to lower your risk of having another asthma attack. This booklet has information that will help you recover physically and emotionally. It's been put together using the latest clinical guidelines, plus tips from people with asthma and the nurses from the Asthma UK Helpline. We don't want to scare you, but it is a fact that 1 in 6 people who receive emergency care for an asthma attack need emergency care again within two weeks. These practical steps can help make

Not everyone who has an asthma attack will go to hospital. You've had an asthma attack if:

sure you are not one of them.

- you were treated by paramedics
- vou had to take a course of rescue prednisolone tablets
- you had the symptoms listed on the back of this booklet and they were eased by taking 10 puffs of your reliever inhaler.

4 things to do straight after an asthma attack

Keep taking vour medicines

Using your inhalers as prescribed is the best way to help prevent another asthma attack and stay as free from symptoms as possible. If you ended up in hospital, get your inhaler technique checked before you leave - many people don't use their inhalers properly. You're likely to notice improvements from making even small tweaks. Make a plan for when you'll take your inhaler - for example, when you brush your teeth morning and night.

If you didn't need to go to hospital, make an urgent same-day appointment to see your GP or asthma nurse. If you were hospitalised, see your GP or asthma nurse within two working days of coming out. The hospital should let your GP practice know you've had emergency treatment, but don't wait - book yourself in straight away. At the appointment, your GP or asthma nurse will help you put steps in place to regain some control over your asthma. For example, they will check you're using your inhalers properly, so you get the full benefits from your medicine.

Book an asthma review urgently

Use a written asthma action plan In hospital, you should be given written instructions about what medicines you need to take and when, and what to do if you notice symptoms getting worse again. Don't leave hospital without this. It will help you monitor your symptoms and avoid having another asthma attack. Research shows people who use written asthma action plans are four times less likely to need emergency treatment for their asthma. You could store a photo of your plan on your phone so you have it with you all the time, and email it to loved ones so they can access it quickly if they ever need to support you. This can help you all feel reassured you know what to do.



Give yourself time to recover

You may feel very tired in the days after your asthma attack. Don't worry – the Asthma UK Helpline nurses say this is completely normal. After all, an asthma attack is a shocking experience. Rest as much as you need to. Don't go back to work before you're ready. No matter how you feel after vour asthma attack, take vour medicine, follow vour written asthma action plan and see your doctor, so you can feel sure you're doing the important things to look after yourself. Ask friends and family to help with some jobs such as shopping and cooking.



What happens at your post-attack review



Make a same-day appointment with your GP or asthma nurse if you weren't hospitalised by your asthma attack. If you went to hospital, see them within two working days of being discharged. Your GP or asthma nurse may:

- Consider changing your medicines, or putting you on a different dose
- Check your inhaler technique
- Complete a written asthma action plan with you, updating it with all the information you need to lower

your risk of another asthma attack

 Discuss any symptoms you noticed before your asthma attack, including anything that made them worse.

You can:

- Talk about your worries
- Ask any questions about your asthma or your medicine
- Find out when you should consider going back to work
- Ask if you need a follow-up appointment in the next few weeks.

TOP TIPS

Try these tips from our Facebook community to help after an asthma attack.



66 Try to visualise yourself the way you know you can be when you are healthy – so you know it can be that way again. We have to be easier on ourselves and do the best we can every day. Know your triggers and know when you need help. 99 Colleen Yurus



tried to get back, I always tried to get back to work before I was physically ready. Now, I find it easier to accept I need time to recover and in the end I have less time off work. Michelle Benjamin



66 When I'm exhausted after an attack, I rest as much as possible. My daughter's always good at listening to my frustration. 99 Deborah Cooper



66 I feel very drained, so I go home, take my medicine and lie down. 99
Craig Kent



66 I always feel frustrated that I've let it happen! I hate being looked after. But last time I came to realise that I have to let them help me. 99 Sam Felstead

Celebrities share how they felt...



I suddenly felt that familiar feeling of tightness in my chest and realised, with horror, that I wasn't able to catch enough breath. It's terrifying when it happens because you feel you can't get enough breath in, nor expel enough to shout for help.

Comedian Bill Bailey, diagnosed with asthma aged 11





I was lying on a sofa at my friend's house when I suddenly realised there was no air coming through to my lungs. I was trying to take deep breaths but I just couldn't breathe and my chest was killing me.
I was gasping for air and I panicked — I felt like I was going to suffocate. I remember thinking 'This is it', but a few minutes after taking my inhaler I was back to normal again.

Olympic cyclist Laura Trott, describing an asthma attack she had aged 17

Join us at www.facebook.com/AsthmaUK 5

What our asthma nurse specialists say:

Your written asthma action plan will tell you what to do if you ever have another asthma attack. It will tell you what symptoms to be aware of, and what you should do if you notice them. This can help you feel more confident – and reassure your family and friends

Cut your risk

The good news is there are simple steps you can put in place to reduce the risk of another asthma attack – so you can focus on getting on with your life.

- Pollow your written asthma action plan. This will tell you how and when to take your medicines and list the triggers you need to be aware of.
- ! Be aware of your symptoms. Your written asthma action plan will list the signs that may show your asthma's getting worse so make sure you use it. Symptoms of an asthma attack often come on gradually, so it's important to be able to spot them immediately so you can get the help you need. Your written asthma action plan will tell you what to do as soon as you notice symptoms.
- ! Know the common signs that show asthma is getting worse. See your GP within 24 hours if:
 - Your symptoms are getting worse
 - Symptoms are disturbing your sleep or are intefering with day-to-day activities
 - You're using your reliever inhaler three times a week or more
 - Your peak flow readings have dropped.
- ! Take your medicines exactly as prescribed.

 Preventer inhalers usually need to be taken twice daily and work away in the background to reduce the inflammation in your airways, so they don't react to triggers so easily.





Take control and feel better

You may go through a lot of different emotions after having an asthma attack. It's very common to feel shocked and frightened. You might also feel angry, especially if you think you were doing all the right things to look after your asthma. In reality, asthma attacks can happen for all sorts of different reasons. But sometimes, even if you think you've been managing your asthma well, there's room for improvement – often, small tweaks can make a big difference. Your GP or asthma nurse can talk you through changes you might make at your asthma review.

If you know you weren't looking after your asthma as well as possible, you

TOP TIPS

Caring for yourself can help ease your worries, say our Facebook followers:

66 A lie-down with a hot water bottle and a cup of tea tends to help. 99 Fiona Abbey

66 I take plenty of rest and have a hot sweet drink. Then sleep. 99 Helen Hawkey

may feel guilty that you had an asthma attack. Try to see it as a wakeup call – now you have the chance to make sure your asthma's as well managed as possible, so you can reduce the chance of having another asthma attack.

Here's how to spot the signs of a future asthma attack, and be sure about the steps you need to take. Our at-a-glance guide will help.



You're having an asthma attack if:

- Your reliever inhaler isn't helping or isn't lasting over four hours
- You're breathless or finding it hard to speak, eat or sleep
- Your symptoms are getting worse
- Your breathing is getting faster and you can't get your breath properly.

A

What to do in

- 1 Sit up straight don't lie down. Try to keep calm
- 2 Take one puff of your reliever inhaler every 30 to 60 seconds up to a maximum of 10 puffs
- **3 Call 999** if you feel worse at any point while using your inhaler, don't feel any better after 10 puffs, or you're worried
 - Ambulance taking longer than 15 minutes? Repeat step 2
- 4 If you feel better make an urgent same-day appointment with your GP or asthma nurse.

You're not alone Having asthma can be challenging at

times, especially when you've recently had an asthma attack. You may need some extra support. Take five minutes to write down a list of who you can call...



Friends, family and colleagues can sometimes help just by listening. Share your feelings with them – often, people want to help but don't know how.



Your healthcare team – your GP, asthma nurse, specialist consultant and pharmacist – are on hand to provide the care and support you need. You can also call the Asthma UK Helpline with any questions you have.

Your online asthma community will be there whatever time of day:



Swap ideas with others:





Get information, tips and ideas: www.asthma.org.uk



Get more health advice and asthma news with Asthma UK email updates: www.asthma.org.uk/sign-up



Any asthma questions?
Call our friendly expert nurses
0300 222 5800
(9am - 5pm: Mon - Fri)



